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PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

JUNE 14, 1788.

Price SIX-PENCE.] SATURDAY, JUNE 14, 1788. [VOL. II.

PITTSBURGH: *Printed and Sold by* JOHN SCULL and JOHN BOYD, *at their Printing-Office near the Ferry.*

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given to all persons who have mortgaged their eſtates to the Truſtees of the General Loan Office of the Commonwealth of Pennſylvania, that their payments were due on the firſt day of November laſt; therefore, all thoſe perſons who are now found delinquent, will be proceeded againſt as the law directs, unleſs payments are made immediately.

GEORGE SCHLOSSER,
ROBERT SMITH, } Truſtees.
ROWLAND EVANS,

Philadelphia, May 17, 1788.

N. B. The Loan Office is now kept in the State houſe up ſtairs, Philadelphia.

THE ſubſcriber hereby informs the public, that he propoſes removing his Hat Manufactory from this place to Elizabeth Town, 15 miles from hence, by land, on the bank of the Monongahela, (formerly known by the name of the New Store) in the courſe of a few months.

He therefore requeſts all thoſe that are indebted to him to make immediate payment to Mr. John Blackburn of this place, or himſelf at Elizabeth Town: and for the more ſpeedy expediting the ſettlement of his former accounts, he will attend from Monday the 23d to Saturday the 28th inſt. at his manufactory in this place for that purpoſe, when thoſe that have any demands againſt him, or unſettled accounts are requeſted to exhibit them.

MARMADUKE CURTIS.

Pittſburgh, June 12, 1788.

TAKEN up as a ſtray by the ſubſcriber, living in Union townſhip, Fayette county, a bay horſe about 8 years old, this ſpring, no brand perceivable, one white foot, trots, about 14 hands high, has a blaze in the face. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away.

HUGH RANKIN.

June 2, 1788.

[S now laid out at the mouth of the Loyalhannon, on the banks of the Kiſkiminitas river, one hundred and ninety-two LOTS, each lot being 66 feet in front, and 198 back; there are two principal ſtreets in this town, 99 feet broad; four others 66 feet wide; 16 and an half feet alley's; there are 24 of thoſe lots fronting Loyalhannon creek, on which there is erected a ſaw and griſt mill, and 24 front the Kiſkiminitas river, which is boatable the greateſt part of the year, ſo that every advantage reſulting from water carriage or trade, or in bringing the materials for building, may be largely enjoyed: thro' this town paſſeth the Franksſtown road, leading from a boatable part of the Juniata river, which is 5[illegible] miles from this place, ſo that we can have the benefit of the Harriſburgh market conveniently, and the diſtance from Philadelphia to Pittſburgh by that way is ſo much leſs, that it will probably become the ſtate road and channel of the weſtern trade. The ſituation is high and level, with a number of good ſprings, and ſurrounded with a fertile country, abounding with ſtone coal, &c. Any perſon may have a lot that pays 20 ſhillings previous to the drawing of the lottery, and one dollar quit rent per annum, but if the purchaſer pays 40 ſhillings more at the expiration of one year from the drawing of the lottery, he ſhall be entitled to the lot free from quit rent for ever. There will be ſeveral lots given for the uſe of public worſhip, ſchool houſes, &c. alſo ſome land adjacent to the town for commons. Notice will be given through the channel of this Gazette the time the lottery will be drawn.

Tickets may be had of colonel Benjamin Davis, in the Forks of Yough, with James Barr, eſquire, on Loyalhannon, at the Printing Office, Pittſburgh, and with one of the ſubſcribers in Greenſburgh

WILLIAM PERRY.
SAMI. FINDLEY.

May 28, 1788.

THE ſubſcriber requeſts all thoſe indebted to him for ferriage, to diſcharge their accounts immediately.

MARCUS HULING.

June 12, 1788.

DANIEL ELLIOTT, at his Saw mill one mile below the point from Pittſburgh, will ſaw boards on ſhares, or give a generous price for rafts of ſaw logs bro't down the rivers to the mouth of the creek, and will rent on very eaſy terms, on the bank of the river and creek, a convenient ſpot of ground for a boat yard and ſtore houſe.

May 28, 1788.

THE ſubſcriber has for ſale, at his hatting ſhop in Mercerſburgh, a general aſſortment of coarſe and fine hats, which he will diſpoſe of on the moſt reaſonable terms for caſh or country produce, and gives a generous price for good wool, peltry, &c.

JOHN M'MURDY.

Mercerſburgh, May 1, 1788.

John & William Irwin,

Have juſt received from Philadelphia, and are now opening at their Store in Pittſburgh,

A Variety of Dry Goods and Groceries, which they will diſpoſe of on the moſt reaſonable terms for caſh or country produce. They muſt decline giving credit to any perſon for the future.

They have alſo on hand ſome Claret and Port wines, which they will ſell cheap by the dozen or ſingle bottle; Jamaica Spirits by the gallon or keg, and Holland Gin by the caſe or bottle.

Ma, 26, 1788.

N. B. A generous price will be given for good Ginſeng.

BY virtue of an order from Charles Campbell, Eſquire, lieutenant of Weſtmoreland county, I am directed to call on the inhabitants for all the public arms within Pitt and Franklin townſhips. I have therefore to requeſt all ſuch as have any public [illegible] in their poſſeſſion, to deliver them to the ſubſcriber, that he may be enabled to get them repaired; all thoſe who neglect to deliver, or who conceal any ſuch property, may expect to be proceeded againſt agreeable to law.

A. TANNEHILL, Lieut.

June 3, 2788.

On the Pleasures of Reflection.

THAT the enjoyments of the understanding exceed the pleasures of sense is a truth, confessed by all who are capable of exerting the faculties of thinking in their full vigor. But by these pleasures are generally understood sublime contemplations on subjects of science and abstruse disquisition; contemplations which can only be the result of uncommon powers, and extraordinary efforts.

But there are intellectual pleasures of another kind; to the enjoyment of which neither great abilities nor learning are required. These are no others than the pleasures of reflection, which are open to the illiterate mechanic, as well as to the sage philosopher, and constitute some of the sweetest satisfactions of human life.

There are few who have not felt pleasing sensations arising from a retrospective view of the first period of their lives. To recollect the puerile amusements, the petty anxieties, and the eager pursuits of childhood, is a task in which all delight. It is common to observe, that on no subject do men dwell with such pleasure, as the boyish tricks and wanton pranks which they practised at school. The hoary head looks back with a smile of complacency, mixed with regret, on the season when health glowed on the cheek, when lively spirits warmed the heart, and when toil strung the nerves with vigor.

Cicero has remarked, that events the most disagreeable, during their immediate influence, give an exquisite satisfaction when their consequences have ceased, and Æneas solaces his companions, under the hardships they endured, with the consideration, that the remembrance of their sufferings would, one day, give them satisfaction. That these sentiments are just, is well known to those who have enjoyed the conversation of the soldier. Battles, skirmishes, and sieges at which, perhaps he trembled during the action, furnish him with topics of conversation, and sources of pleasure during the remainder of his life.

Reflection is the properest employment, and the sweetest satisfaction, in a rational old age. Destitute of strength and vigor, necessary for bodily exertions, and furnished with observations by experience, the old man finds his great pleasure to consist in wandering in imagination over past scenes of delight, in recounting the adventures of his youth, the vicissitudes of [illegible]an life, and the public events to [illegible]e is proud of having been an eye [illegible] Of so exalted a nature are these [illegible], that theologists have not hesitated to assert, that to recollect a well spent life, is to anticipate the bliss of a future existence.

The professors of philosophy, who will be acknowledged to have understood the nature of true and substantial pleasure better than the busy, the gay, and the dissipated, have ever shewn a predilection for privacy and solitude. No other cause have they assigned for their conduct in forsaking society, than that the noise and hurry of the world is incompatible with the exercise of calm reason, and dispassionate reflection. The apophthegm of that ancient, who said "he was never less alone than when by himself," is not to be considered merely as an epigrammatic turn. In vain was it to pursue philosophy in the Subburra; she was only to be courted, with success, in the sequestered shade of rural retirement.

Were the powers of reflection cultivated by habit, mankind would at all times be able to derive a pleasure from their own breasts, as rational as it is exalted. To the attainment of this happiness, a strict adherence to the rules of virtue is necessary: for let it be remembered, that none can feel the pleasures of reflection, who do not enjoy the peace of innocence.

Foreign Intelligence.

VIENNA, February 18.

A BLOW has been already struck. No sooner was the declaration of war made known in the army, on the 9th of February, than general Devins, commandant of the troops in Croatia, commenced his operations by the attack on the fortress of Dresnick.

The execution of this enterprize was confined to colonel Poharnik, of the regiment of Carlstadt. He first summoned the Turks to surrender, with an assurance that if they gave up without resistance, they should meet with the protection of his Imperial majesty To this summons their only answer was, the discharge of their artillery! The colonel made a similar reply from the mouths of his cannon, with such effect, that the whole place was soon in a blaze, and the garrison entirely destroyed.

In another quarter the Imperial troops have not experienced the same success.---- Lieutenant colonel Kesnovick passed the Unna to attack the Turkish castle of Dubisa. In this project he failed, and met with the loss of a few men.

American Occurrences.

BOSTON, March 27.

The honorable senate have passed a bill which was on Friday read a second time, in the house of representatives, to prevent the iniquitous and inhuman practice of the slave trade, and for affording relief to the families of those persons, who may be kidnapped, or decoyed from this state.

PHILADELPHIA, May 3.

We learn that Mr. Boardley, of the eastern shore of Maryland, has presented the agricultural society of this city with a model of a threshing machine, which is somewhat on the construction of a coffee mill, and will thresh about 100 bushels of wheat in a day, with one man's labour.--- Machines appear to be the objects of immense consequence to this country; every month furnishes us with something new and important of that nature. It is the duty of every friend to America, at home and abroad, to keep a vigilant eye upon every thing of that kind which comes in his way. We may invent, and we may borrow of Europe their inventions. Possessed of soil without end, every thing that saves the labor of hands is a gain of peculiar value to us.

Pittsburgh, June 14.

From a Charleston, South Carolina, paper dated April 20.

A correspondent informs us that it is whispered, that proposals have very lately been made by Spain to Congress for opening the navigation of the Mississippi, and to render the United States every service and friendship in her power, provided the United States will sell the whole of their produce to the Spanish and French nations for specie; this the friends of those two countries say, will enlarge the number of their seamen, and enable them to defy the natives of other countries. It is also said, that these nations intend to give large orders for merchant ships to America provided she will build ships only for them and the United States; and provided also that they will hinder American seamen and shipwrights entering into the service of any other country. They say, if America sides with them, that she will get the subjects of both countries, both in Europe, America, and the East and West Indies, to an astonishing number, for customers, and that said countries will use their interest with the emperor of Germany, and the empress of Russia, as well as the Turks,

to encourage the consumption of American produce as much as possible. If this should take place, a certain nation lately remarked in Europe, &c. for her selfish navigation laws, may feel severely the truth of the old adage, all covet all loose. The partizans of France and Spain pleate themselves not a little on this occasion; they say that by this capital speculation they will have the supplying the whole world with American produce.

In the extract of a letter from New Orleans, in our last, for, dated March 25, 1783, read March 25, 1788.

BOATS

FOR SALE.

AT Elizabeth Town on the Monongahela, may now be had, KENTUCKY BOATS of different dimensions, where also for the future, Boats of every construction and size may be had, at as low a price as any on these waters. To prevent the detention of travellers so frequent on this river, for want of boats, the proprietor has erected a Saw Mill and Boat Yard on the premises, where timber is plenty, and four of the best boat builders from Philadelphia, are constantly employed.

This town is situated on the east side of the Monongahela, between Red Stone Old Fort, and Pittsburgh, about an equal distance from each, and is six miles above the mouth of Yough; the place where it stands was formerly called the New Store. The best rout to it from Bedford, is by Bonner's tavern, from thence the Glade road to Cherry's mill, thence to Budd's ferry on Yough, thence to captain Peterson's, and from thence a good road to Elizabeth town, where travellers may be accommodated with houses to deposit their goods in, and be supplied with provisions of every kind, at a reasonable price; another singular advantage attending this place is, that boats are never detained for want of water, having always enough to go into the Ohio, which is but twenty miles distant.

Those who would wish to be supplied as above, may know the terms by applying to

S. BAYARD, Proprietor,
on the premises.

Elizabeth Town, June 4, 1788.

BY virtue of sundry writs of venditioni exponas to me directed, will be exposed to sale at Greensburgh, on Thursday the 10th of July next, one tract of land, or so much thereof as lies in Westmoreland county, situate in Mount Pleasant township, adjoing lands of Robert Witherington and others, whereon are erected very valuable grist and saw mills, well known by the name of Cherry's mills, and for being one of the first places on the road for a house of entertainment, together with the appurtenances thereunto belonging. Taken in execution at the suits of Edward Cook, esquire, assignee of Robert Orr, esquire, William and John Lee, Archibald Irwin, and others, as the property of Ralph Cherry, and William Perry, esq; and to be sold by

JOHN GIBSON, Coroner.

Westmoreland county, June 12, 1788.

THE subscriber requests that those indebted to him, will immediately make payment, if they delay, this will be the only notice they will receive, before a suit is commenced. He is sorry to observe, that his long indulgence to many has been ill requited.

HUGH ROSS.

Pittsburgh, 9th June, 1788.

The subscriber has just opened a large and general assortment of MERCHANDIZE, suitable for the season, at the house of Mr. Hugh Means, in the town of Washington, which he will sell on low terms for either genseng, cash, or peltry, consisting of

BROWN, blue, light, yellow, mixed coloured broadcloths, serges of various colours, blue, white, red, green half-thicks, kendal cottons white, green, blue, yellow flannels, sagathies, red, black, snuff coloured, striped, spotted velvets, corduroys, striped ditto, plain, spotted, striped jeans, snuff coloured and white fustians, haerlem stripe, cottons, cotton, linen, check, and haerlem stripe patterns, furniture check, linen plods, shalloons of various colours, rattinets, moreens, German serges, calimancoes, poplins, durants, tamies, camblets, scarlet hair camblets, tickings, stocking knitt patterns, buckram, a neat assortment of chintzes, cottons and printed linens, silk handkerchiefs, cotton, linen, check, and shawl ditto, white, blue, flowered, fancy ditto, lawns, lawn and kenting apron patterns, ditto handkerchiefs, striped, flowered ditto, cambricks, spotted, striped, flowered, souffle gauze, plain, white, and black ditto, ditto handkerchiefs, sarsnetts, modes, taffaties, sattins, boulting cloths, womens coloured gloves, buckskin ditto, womens, mens, boys worsted and cotton hose, Irish linens yard and 7-8 wide, lincey, sheetings, worsted caps, garterings, broad and narrow quality bindings, apron and curtain tapes, Dresden ditto, ribbands, hatbands, coloured threads, Scotch ditto, twist, sewing silk, looking glasses, snuff and tobacco boxes, graters, plated, polished, common coat and jacket buttons, shoe, knee and stock buckles, shoe and buckle-brushes, sleeve links, clasp, pistol, brass and scalping knives, pen do. razors, knives and forks, taylors and womens scissars, thread lace, crooked and reding combs, bottle sliders, spectacles, shoe brushes, carpenters rules, sliding do. fans, rubbing bones, brass, paper, glass inkpots, cap wire, skeletons, cinnamon, garnets, watch chains, seals and keys, breast pins, broaches, table and tea spoons, Jews harps, thimbles, sugar tongs, shirt buttons, sharp, burnished stirrup irons, snaffle, kirb, bridle bitts, heelmakers knives, nippers, pincers, augers, beer and brandy corks, gun flints, door bolts, bridles, do. buckles, plated and steel spurs, H and HL hinges, large, saw, polishing, flat, and half round files, do. rasps, gauges, morticing, turning chisels, carpenters compasses, padlocks, door locks with brass knobs, door latches with do. chest and drawer locks, lead pencils, razor strops, wood screws, shoemakers tacks, awl blades, shoemakers hammers, spoke shafts, plain bitts, brass, steel padlocks, brass rings, do. with screws, knitting needles, saddle bag locks, pins, mock Marseilles, writing paper, stock locks pewter, quart and pint do. mugs, tea pots do. womens cloth shoes, mens do. smoaking and twist tobacco, womens fine black and white beaver hats, mens do. wool do. books of different sorts, copper kettles and coffee pots, steel and iron handsaws, coopers drawing knives, curry combs, currying knives, brass and iron candlesticks, pepper mills, flat irons, brandy, tumblers, and stock glasses, half pint do. gill do. coffee, tea, chocolate, rappee & Scotch snuff, broad axes, shovils and tongs, wool cards, rose and Indian blankets, green, spotted, and blue rugs, allspice, chip hats, pepper, ginger, German and Crowley steel, indigo, tea ware, plates, petty pans, oznabrigs, fiddles, and fiddle strings, brimstone, needles, hammers, artificial flowers, sickles, English and Dutch sythes, cutting knives, salt, bar iron and castings, well assorted, powder, and a variety of other articles too tedious to mention.

He flatters himself that by the cheapness of his goods, and due attention, he will merit the approbation of those who will favor him with their custom.

TER. CAMPBELL.

Washington, June 2, 1788.

To be RENTED, and entered on immediately, fundry concerns, the property of the fubfcriber, viz.

A Dwelling houfe about thirty feet fquare, fituate on the banks of the Monongahela oppofite Pittfburgh, and a large garden between the houfe and the river. Mr. Jacob Haymaker carried on the boat-building bufinefs at this place, for fome years, with great fuccefs. A perfon who would undertake to keep a reputable tavern, and carry on the above branch of bufinefs, will meet with confiderable encouragement.

About one hundred perches up the river from faid place, is a commodious brick yard, where that bufinefs was carried on laft fummer with fuccefs. The yard and fhed are in good order, and the clay for brick and pottery excellent. Emigrant have frequently taken brick into their boats to carry to the new fettlements down the Ohio, &c.

A fmall dwelling houfe on the eaft bank of the faid river, in Pittfburgh, with a good garden adjoining.

A number of plantations fituate on or near faid river, in the vicinity of the brick yard, will be rented for a year or more, and the whole concerns on very reafonable terms. For further particulars apply to the fubfcriber, (who is the owner) living in Pittfburgh, or to his fon Oliver, at his diftillery, near the brick yard.

JOHN ORMSBY.

Pittfbugh, Aprril 19, 1788.

THE Partnerfhip of Turnbull, Marmie, & Co. being diffolved the 1ft inftant, by mutual confent, all thofe who are indebted to or have any claims againft the faid company, are requefted to fettle the fame with

WILLIAM TURNBULL, and
PETER MARMIE, or
WILLIAM J. MILLER, their attorney.

Pittfburgh, 25th March, 1788.

For Sale, by Public Vendue, the following Property belonging to the faid Company.

THIRTY-TWO lots of ground in the town of Pittfburgh, fituated at the confluence of the two rivers, Allegany and Monongahela, between Marbury, Liberty and Short Streets, No. 1 to 17, 132 to 145, and No. 260, upon which is erected a Still-houfe, Malt-houfe, Stables, and other buildings.

One tract of land on the Coal-hill oppofite Pittfburgh, containing about 25 acres, with a ferry and fuitable buildings.

Two tracts of land on Squaw run and the Allegany river, about nine miles from Pittfburgh, in the depreciation diftrict, No. 4.

Two tracts of land in the new purchafe near the Alleghany, upon one of which is erected a faw-mill.

The fale will be held in three months from this date, at the houfe of Meffrs. Tannehills, at which time and place a more particular defcription of the property will be given, and the terms of payment made known by

WILLIAM TURNBULL, and
PETER MARMIE.

RANaway from the fubfcriber, in September laft, an apprentice named Thomas *Rofs*, about 5 feet 9 inches high; he left the fubfcriber in Peter's townfhip, and is fuppofed to go to York county.---- Whoever will fecure faid apprentice, and deliver him to the fubfcriber, fhall have Fifteen Shillings reward paid by JOHN ABERCROMIE.

May 14, 1788.

Greenfburgh, May 7, 1788.

THE following creatures have been entered as ftrays, with the fubfcribers, wood rangers for the county of Weftmoreland, viz. One forrel mare 10 years old, 13 hands high, trots and paces; one bay horfe, 8 years old, 14 hands high; one bay mare, 15 hands high, 6 years old, trots; one forrel mare, 15 hands high, 16 years old, branded A on the near fhoulder; one gray horfe, 6 years old, 11 hands high, trots; one bay mare, 4 years old, 12 hands high, trots; one roan mare, 10 years old, 13 hands high, trots, branded on the near fhoulder S; one bay mare, 8 years old, 13 hands high, trots; one bay horfe, 7 years old, 13 hands high, trots, fhod round; one brown mare, 8 years old, 13 hands and an half high; one forrel colt, 1 year old; one forrel horfe 10, years old, 11 hands high.

CHRISTOPHER TRUBY.
JAMES GUTHRIE.

FOR SALE,

SUNDRY tracts of land in Waſhington county. For particulars apply to Craig Ritchie, at Canonſburgh, on Chartiers creek.

Juſt Publiſhed and to be Sold at the Printing Office, Pittſburgh, the

PITTSBURGH ALMANAC,
OR
WESTERN EPHEMERIS,
For the Year of our Lord 1788.

Which may be had at the Printing Office, Pittſburgh, Wholeſale and Retail, on the moſt reaſonable Terms.

*** The calculations for this Almanac are made with the greateſt exactneſs to anſwer the meridian of the Weſtern Country.

Waſhington county, May 14, 1788.

WHereas a certain William Marks has fraudulently obtained two notes of hand from the fubſcriber, dated the 2d inſtant, one for the ſum of ſix pounds, the other for ſix pounds and eleven pence. This is to forwarn all perſons not to take an aſſignment on ſaid notes, as I am determined not to pay them unleſs compelled by law.

JOHN WOLF.

The Famous HORSE

DOVE,

WILL cover this ſeaſon at the ſtable of the ſubſcriber, living in Pittſburgh, at the low rate of Four Dollars and one buſhel of oats, or Two Dollars the ſingle leap; the ſeaſon continues until the laſt of June.

Dove was got by Old Dove, out of the Wildair Mare, which were imported in one ſhip. It is needleſs to give a genealogy of his being full blooded, or half or quarter blooded; but his figure and breed are much eſteemed in the parts from whence he was bro't where he got many colts, which, it is allowed, will be equal to himſelf, and his dropping colts will ſhew more at large, as he covered here laſt year.

JAMES CHAMBERS.

April 4, 1788.